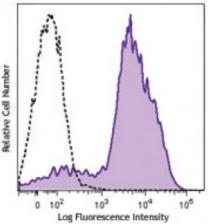
Product Data Sheet

Brilliant Violet 650[™] anti-mouse/human CD11b

Catalog # / Size:	1106195 / 125 μl 1106295 / 50 μg	
Clone:	M1/70	
Isotype:	Rat IgG2b, к	nber
Immunogen:	C57BL/10 splenocytes	all Nur
Reactivity:	Human	blative Cell
Preparation:	The antibody was purified by affinity chromatography and conjugated with Brilliant Violet 650 [™] under optimal conditions. The solution is free of unconjugated Brilliant Violet 650 [™] and unconjugated antibody.	Relat
Formulation:	Phosphate-buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% sodium azide and BSA (origin USA).	C5 we M1
Concentration:	test sizes: Lot-specific	sho pop



C57BL/6 mouse bone marrow cells were stained with CD11b (clone M1/70) Brilliant Violet 650[™]. Data shown was gated on myeloid cell population.

Applications:

Applications:	Flow Cytometry
Recommended Usage:	Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by immunofluorescent staining with flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining using the microg size, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 0.3 microg per million cells in 100 microL volume. For flow cytometric staining using the test size, the suggested use of this reagent is ≤ 5 microL per million cells or 5 microL per 100 microL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.
	Brilliant Violet 650 [™] excites at 405 nm and emits at 645 nm. The bandpass filter 660/20 nm is recommended for detection, although filter optimization may be required depending on other fluorophores used. Be sure to verify that your cytometer configuration and software setup are appropriate for detecting this channel. Refer to your instrument manual or manufacturer for support. Brilliant Violet 650 [™] is a trademark of Sirigen Group Ltd.
	This product is subject to proprietary rights of Sirigen Inc. and is made and sold under license from Sirigen Inc. The purchase of this product conveys to the buyer a non-transferable right to use the purchased product for research purposes only. This product may not be resold or incorporated in any manner into another product for resale. Any use for therapeutics or diagnostics is strictly prohibited. This product is covered by U.S. Patent(s), pending patent applications and foreign equivalents.
Application	Additional reported applications (for relevant formats of this clone) include:

Notes: Immunoprecipitation^{1,4}, *in vitro* blocking^{3,9,12}, depletion^{2,8}, immunofluorescence microscopy^{6,7,10}, and immunohistochemistry of acetone-fixed frozen sections^{5,11-13} and paraffin sections²⁸. The LEAF[™] purified antibody (Endotoxin <0.1 EU/µg, Azide-Free, 0.2 µm filtered) is recommended for functional assays (Cat. No. 101231). For *in vivo* studies or highly sensitive assays, we recommend Ultra-LEAF[™] purified antibody (Cat. No. 101248) with a lower endotoxin limit than standard LEAF[™] purified antibodies (Endotoxin <0.01 EU/microg).

Application References:	 Springer T, <i>et al.</i> 1978. <i>Eur. J. Immunol.</i> 8:539. (IP) Ault K and Springer T. 1981. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 126:359. (Deplete) Springer TA, <i>et al.</i> 1982. <i>Immunol. Rev.</i> 68:171. (Block) Ho MK and Springer TA. 1983. <i>J. Biol. Chem.</i> 258:2766. (IP) Flotte TJ, <i>et al.</i> 1983. <i>Am. J. Pathol.</i> 111:112. (IHC) Noel GJ, <i>et al.</i> 1990. J. Clin. Invest. 85:208. (IF) Allen LA and Aderem A. 1996. <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> 184:627 (IF) D'Amico A and Wu L. 2003. <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> 198:293. (Deplete) Brickson SJ, <i>et al.</i> 2003. <i>Appl Physiol.</i> 95:969. (Block) Clatworthy MR and Smith KG. 2004. <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> 199:717. (IF) Hata H, <i>et al.</i> 2004. <i>J. Clin. Invest.</i> 114:582. (IHC) Zhang Y, <i>et al.</i> 2002. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 168:3088. (IHC) Iwasaki A and Kelsall BL. 2001. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 166:4884 (IHC, FC) Tailleux L. 2003. <i>J. Exp. Med.</i> 197:121. (Block, FC) Olver S, <i>et al.</i> 2006. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 176:2872. (FC) PubMed Ponomarev ED, <i>et al.</i> 2006. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 176:1402. (FC) Datagalov I, <i>et al.</i> 2007. <i>Nature Immunol.</i> 8:753. Rasmussen JW, <i>et al.</i> 2007. <i>Nature Immunol.</i> 8:753. Rasmussen JW, <i>et al.</i> 2008. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 180:609. PubMed Napimoga MH, <i>et al.</i> 2008. <i>J. Lipid. Res.</i> 49:1894. PubMed Kim DD, <i>et al.</i> 2008. <i>Blood</i> 112:1109. PubMed Korian LA, <i>et al.</i> 2009. <i>Cancer Res.</i> 69:3086. (FC) PubMed Shorian LA, <i>et al.</i> 2010. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 184:573. PubMed Norian LA, <i>et al.</i> 2010. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 184:573. PubMed Whiteland J, <i>et al.</i> 2010. <i>J. Immunol.</i> 184:573. PubMed Whiteland J, <i>et al.</i> 2015. <i>PLoS Pathog.</i> 11:1004701. PubMed
Description:	CD11b is a 170 kD glycoprotein also known as α M integrin, Mac-1 α subunit, Mol, CR3, and Ly-40. CD11b is a member of the integrin family, primarily expressed on granulocytes, monocytes/macrophages, dendritic cells, NK cells, and subsets of T and B cells. CD11b non-covalently associates with CD18 (β 2 integrin) to form Mac-1. Mac-1 plays an important role in cell-cell interaction by binding its ligands ICAM-1 (CD54), ICAM-2 (CD102), ICAM-4 (CD242), iC3b, and fibrinogen.

Antigen	1. Barclay A, <i>et al.</i> 1997. The Leukocyte Antigen FactsBook Academic Press.
References:	2. Springer TA. 1994. <i>Cell</i> 76:301.
	3 Coxon A et al 1996 Immunity 5:653

3. Coxon A, *et al.* 1996. *Immunity* 5:653.